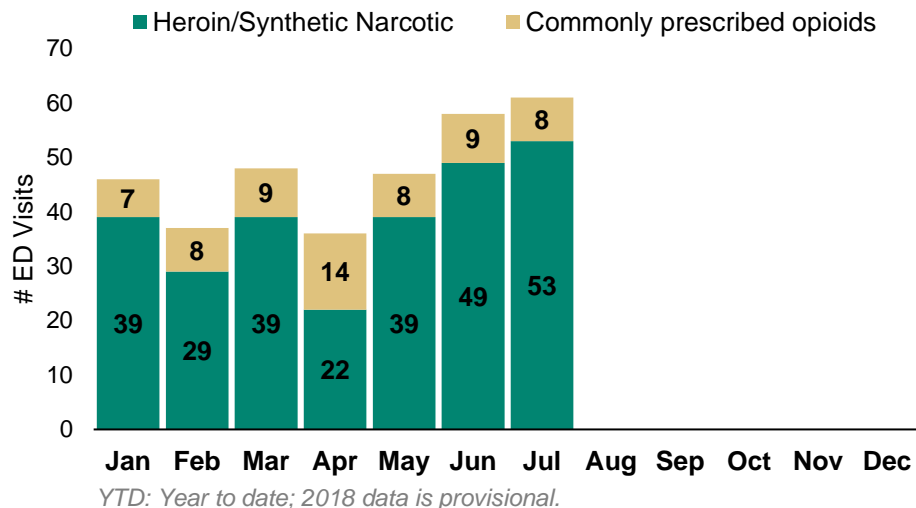# Mecklenburg County   2018 YTD
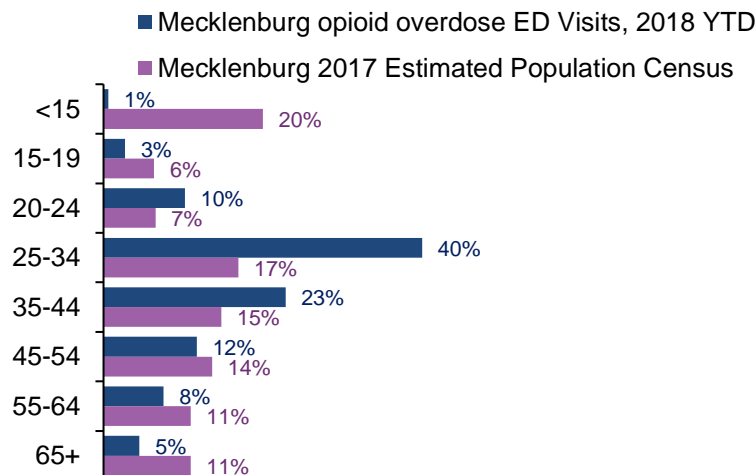
333 OPIOID OVERDOSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS

Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Month: Mecklenburg County 2018 YTD

■ Heroin/Synthetic Narcotic   ■ Commonly prescribed opioids

Month	Heroin/Synthetic Narcotic	Commonly prescribed opioids
Jan	39	7
Feb	29	8
Mar	39	9
Apr	22	14
May	39	8
Jun	49	9
Jul	53	8

YTD: Year to date; 2018 data is provisional.

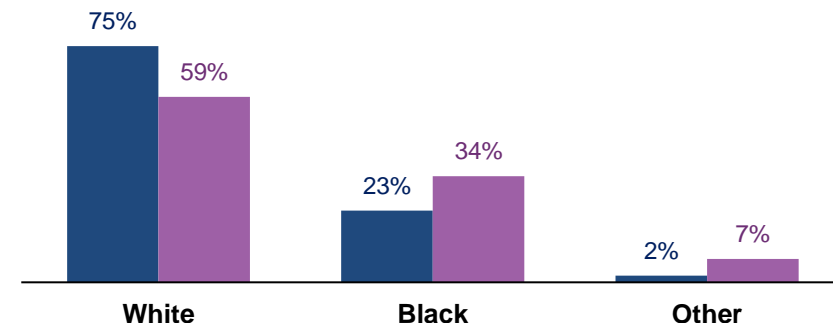### 333 Year-to-Date Opioid ED Visits in Mecklenburg County

versus Jan to July 2017   **395**

Source: NC DETECT: ED: Syndrome: Overdose: Opioid Overdose (ICD-9/10-CM)

Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Race

■ Mecklenburg opioid overdose ED Visits, 2018 YTD
■ Mecklenburg 2017 Estimated Population Census

Race	2018 YTD	2017 Census
White	75%	59%
Black	23%	34%
Other	2%	7%

Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Age Group

■ Mecklenburg opioid overdose ED Visits, 2018 YTD
■ Mecklenburg 2017 Estimated Population Census

Age Group	2018 YTD	2017 Census
<15	1%	20%
15-19	3%	6%
20-24	10%	7%
25-34	40%	17%
35-44	23%	15%
45-54	12%	14%
55-64	8%	11%
65+	5%	11%

NOTE: The North Carolina Disease Event Tracking and Epidemiologic Collection Tool (NC DETECT) is North Carolina's statewide syndromic surveillance system. *ED visit data from NC DETECT are provisional and should not be considered final.*

Counts based on diagnosis (ICD-9/10-CM code) of an opioid overdose of any intent (accidental, intentional, assault, and undetermined) for North Carolina residents. Opioid overdose cases include poisonings with opium, heroin, opioids, methadone, and other synthetic narcotics.

There may be data quality issues affecting our counts: counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes.